## CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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## **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

### CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

## ELECTED

Name	Title	Term Expires December 31,
James Doak	Mayor	2016
Sliv Carlson	Council Member	2016
Tom Newberry	Council Member	2016
John Massie	Council Member	2019
Elizabeth Weiner	Council Member	2019

### APPOINTED

Kathy McCullum

City Clerk

## FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Woodland, Minnesota

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund of the governmental and proprietary funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Woodland, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year comparative information has been derived from the City's 2014 financial statements and, in our report dated February 23, 2015, we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective proprietary fund financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis of Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1B, the financial statements are prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1B and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis of Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City, as of December 31, 2015, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended.

### **Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statements of the governmental funds referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the cash and unencumbered cash balances of each fund of the City, as of December 31, 2015, and their respective cash receipts and disbursements, for the year then ended, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor as described in Note 1B. Also, in our opinion, the financial statements of the proprietary funds referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each fund of the City, as of December 31, 2015, and their respective changes in financial position and cash flows, for the year then ended, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor as described in Note 1B.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial schedules, and supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements on the regulatory basis financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Undo Eich & Mayro, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota February 17, 2016

People + Process. Going Beyond the Numbers

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS**

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

## CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2015

	(	General	Im	Street provement	Total
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments	\$	266,983	\$	158,765	\$ 425,748
CASH FUND BALANCES Assigned for street improvement Unassigned	\$	266,983	\$	158,765	\$ 158,765 266,983
TOTAL CASH FUND BALANCES	\$	266,983	\$	158,765	\$ 425,748

## CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	General	Street Improvement	Governmental Funds	
RECEIPTS				
Taxes	\$ 345,091	\$ -	\$ 345,091	
Licenses and permits	67,099	-	67,099	
Intergovernmental	1,851	17,128	18,979	
Charges for services	4,525	-	4,525	
Fines and forfeitures	1,913	-	1,913	
Interest on investments	239	78	317	
Miscellaneous	4,349		4,349	
TOTAL RECEIPTS	425,067	17,206	442,273	
DISBURSEMENTS				
Current				
General government	74,667	-	74,667	
Public safety	126,870	-	126,870	
Public works	59,797	100,888	160,685	
Miscellaneous	10,049	-	10,049	
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	271,383	100,888	372,271	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
RECEIPTS OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS	153,684	(83,682)	70,002	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		153,684	153,684	
Transfers out	(153,684)		(153,684)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(153,684)	153,684	<u> </u>	
NET CHANGE IN CASH FUND BALANCES	1 	70,002	70,002	
CASH FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	266,983	88,763	355,746	
CASH FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 266,983	\$ 158,765	\$ 425,748	

## CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
		60			
		Wa			
		2015	2014		
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and temporary investments	5	34,499	\$ 33,255		
Receivables					
Accounts		7,635	8,378		
Special assessments					
Delinquent		2,065	324		
Current		7,650	7,650		
	—				
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	51,849	49,607		
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Special assessments receivable	_	7,650	15,300		
Capital assets					
Infrastructure		194,539	194,539		
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(87,700)	(82,800)		
Total capital assets (net of					
accumulated depreciation)	-	106,839	111,739		
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	-	114,489	127,039		
TOTAL ASSETS	4	166,338	176,646		
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		3,506	2,175		
Accrued interest payable		879	1,172		
Current portion of bonds payable	-	12,500	12,500		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		16,885	15,847		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES					
Bonds payable	-	25,000	37,500		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	t_	41,885	53,347		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		69,339	61,739		
Restricted for debt service		40,215	41,826		
Unrestricted	_	14,899	19,734		
TOTAL NET POSITION	=	\$ 124,453	\$ 123,299		

 	2	Enterpris	se Fui	nds		
				То	tals	
 and the second se		2014		and the second sec	uio	2014
 2010						
\$ 104,771	\$	119,177	\$	139,270	\$	152,432
10,827		10,781		18,462		19,159
887		293		2,952		617
 2,550		2,550		10,200	<b>Marrie</b>	10,200
 119,035		132,801	•	170,884		182,408
2,550		5,100		10,200		20,400
(07.666		607 666		802 205		892,205
						(323,100)
 (251,500)		(210,000)		(0.12,000)		
 443,366		457,366		550,205		569,105
 445,916		462,466		560,405		589,505
564,951		595,267		731,289	_	771,913
4,455		4,103		7,961		6,278
1,021		1,350		1,900		2,522
 36,201		35,285		48,701		47,785
41,677		40,738		58,562		56,585
 73,510		109,711		98,510		147,211
 115,187		150,449		157,072		203,796
222 655		212 270		402 004		274 100
						374,109 69,346
 111,868		104,928		126,767		124,662
\$ 449,764	\$	444,818	\$	574,217	\$	568,117
\$ 	Sew   2015   \$ 104,771   10,827   887   2,550   119,035   2,550   697,666   (254,300)   443,366   445,916   564,951   4,455   1,021   36,201   41,677   73,510   115,187   333,655   4,241   111,868	602   Sewer   2015   \$ 104,771   \$ 10,827   887   2,550   119,035   2,550   697,666   (254,300)   443,366   443,366   445,916   564,951   4,455   1,021   36,201   41,677   73,510   115,187   333,655   4,241   111,868	Enterpris   602 Sewer   2015 2014   \$ 104,771 \$ 119,177   10,827 10,781   887 293   2,550 2,550   119,035 132,801   2,550 5,100   697,666 697,666   (254,300) (240,300)   443,366 457,366   443,366 457,366   443,366 457,366   443,366 457,366   443,366 457,366   443,366 457,366   443,366 457,366   445,916 462,466   564,951 595,267   41,677 40,738   73,510 109,711   115,187 150,449   333,655 312,370   4,241 27,520   111,868 104,928	Enterprise Fur   602 Sewer   2015 2014   \$ 104,771 \$   10,827 10,781   887 293   2,550 2,550   2,550 5,100   2,550 5,100   2,550 5,100   2,550 5,100   2,550 5,100   2,550 5,100   443,366 457,366   443,366 457,366   4443,366 457,366   4443,366 457,366   4445,916 462,466   564,951 595,267   41,677 40,738   73,510 109,711   115,187 150,449   333,655 312,370   41,875 312,370   4,241 27,520   111,868 104,928	SewerTo201520142015\$104,771\$119,177\$139,27010,82710,78118,462 $887$ 2932,9522,5502,55010,200119,035132,801170,8842,5505,10010,200697,666697,666892,205(254,300)(240,300)(342,000)443,366457,366550,205445,916462,466560,405564,951595,267731,2894,4554,1037,9611,0211,3501,90036,20135,28548,70141,67740,73858,56273,510109,71198,510115,187150,449157,072333,655312,370402,9944,24127,52044,456111,868104,928126,767	Enterprise Funds   Totals   2015 2014 2015   \$ 104,771 \$ 119,177 \$ 139,270 \$ 139,270 \$ 10,827   10,827 10,781 18,462 \$ 10,827 \$ 10,781 18,462   887 293 2,952 \$ 2,550 \$ 10,200 \$ 119,035   119,035 132,801 170,884 \$ 10,200 \$ 10,200 \$ 10,200   \$ 2,550 \$ 5,100 10,200 \$ 10,200 <t< td=""></t<>

## Business-type Activities -

## CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	Business-type Ac Enterprise F	
	601 Water	
	2015	2014
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$ 31,156 \$	38,645
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Professional services	13,744	4,090
Utilities	10,919	8,223
Depreciation	4,900	4,900
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	29,563	17,213
OPERATING INCOME	1,593	21,432
NONOPERATING EXPENSES		
Special assessments	1,703	1,855
Interest income	26	18
Interest expense	(2,168)	(2,871)
TOTAL NONOPERATING EXPENSES	(439)	(998)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,154	20,434
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	123,299	102,865
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	<u>\$ 124,453 </u>	123,299

			Enterpris	se Fu	nds		
	6( Sat	)2 wer			Tot	ale	
-	2015	wei	2014		2015	lais	2014
	2015		2014		2015		2014
\$	38,942	\$	39,414		70,098	\$	78,059
	652		57		14,396		4,147
	16,769		17,116		27,688		25,339
	14,000		14,000		18,900		18,900
	31,421		31,173		60,984		48,386
	7,521		8,241		9,114		29,673
	520		618		2,223		2,473
	91		92		117		110
	(3,186)		(4,088)		(5,354)		(6,959
	(2,575)	2	(3,378)		(3,014)		(4,376
	4,946		4,863		6,100		25,297
	444,818		439,955		568,117		542,820
\$	449,764	\$	444,818	<u></u>	574,217	\$	568,117

Business-type Activities -

## CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

		pe Activities se Funds
		01
	2015	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2015	
Receipts from customers and users		
City of Minnetonka usage charges	\$ 9,503	\$ 9,752
User fee revenue	3,971	4,759
Maintenance fee revenue	15,377	23,312
Delinquent utility revenue	1,307	23,312
Payments to suppliers	1,507	27
Remittance to City of Minnetonka	(9,588)	(8,582)
Maintenance and other expenses	(13,744)	(4,090)
Wantenance and other expenses	(13,711)	(1,0)0)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6,826	25,178
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL		
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Collection of special assessments	9,353	9,226
Interest paid on bonds	(2,461)	(3,164)
Principal paid on bonds	(12,500)	(12,500)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL		
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(5,608)	(6,438)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received on investments	26	18
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,244	18,758
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1	33,255	14,497
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ 34,499	\$ 33,255

			Enterpris	se Fui	nds		
		)2			T	4-1-	
_		wer	2014			tals	2014
	2015		2014		2015		2014
\$	16,052	\$	17,030	\$	25,555	\$	26,782
Ψ	12,360	Ŷ	12,330	¢	16,331	÷	17,089
	9,175		8,933		24,552		32,245
	715		137		2,022		164
	(16,417)		(16,626)		(26,005)		(25,208)
	(652)		(57)		(14,396)		(4,147)
	21,233		21,747		28,059		46,925
	3,070		3,075		12,423		12,301
	(3,515)		(4,408)		(5,976)		(7,572)
	(35,285)		(34,392)		(47,785)		(46,892)
	(35,730)	7 <u>-11-1-1-1-1-1</u>	(35,725)		(41,338)		(42,163
	91		92		117		110
	(14,406)		(13,886)		(13,162)		4,872
	119,177		133,063		152,432		147,560
\$	104,771	\$	119,177	\$	139,270	\$	152,432

# Business-type Activities -

## CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

		Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds 601 Water			
		2015		2014	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME					
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income	\$	1,593	\$	21,432	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income					
to net cash provided by operating activities					
Depreciation		4,900		4,900	
(Increase) decrease in assets					
Receivables					
Accounts		743		(1,036)	
Delinquent special assessments		(1,741)		241	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities					
Accounts payable		1,331		(359)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_\$	6,826	\$	25,178	

	E	Business-type				
 		Enterpris	se Fun	nds		
60						
 Sev	ver				tals	
 2015		2014		2015		2014
\$ 7,521	\$	8,241	\$	9,114	\$	29,673
14,000		14,000		18,900		18,900
(46)		(1,809)		697		(2,845)
(594)		825		(2,335)		1,066
 352		490		1,683		131
\$ 21,233	\$	21,747	\$	28,059	\$	46,925

## CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Agency
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments	\$ 41,550
LIABILITIES Deposits payable	\$ 41,550

### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting entity

The City of Woodland, Minnesota (the City) operates under "Optional Plan A" form of government as defined in the State of Minnesota statutes. The City is governed by an elected Mayor and four-member City Council. The City Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The City Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City. The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The City has no component units that meet the GASB criteria.

#### B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and basis of presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting as described in the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor's Reporting and Publishing Requirements for Cities under 2,500 in population published on December 17, 2004. Under that basis, governmental fund receipts are recognized when received rather than when measurable and available, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. That basis differs from generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) primarily because the City has not provided a management discussion and analysis letter, government-wide statement of net position and government-wide statement of activities and the City does not recognize governmental fund receipts and disbursements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum numbers of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

*Governmental funds* are used to account for the City's general government activities and are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Their revenue is recognized when received in cash and expenditures are recognized when paid in cash. The regulatory basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Under GAAP, governmental funds use the modified accrual method of accounting. The difference between the regulatory basis and modified accrual basis of accounting is that under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

*Proprietary funds* are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On the regulatory basis, receipts from property taxes are recognized in the year the tax is collected. Receipts from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the year in which they are collected. For proprietary funds, revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Street Improvement fund accounts for future street improvement projects.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water fund accounts for costs associated with the City's water system and ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The *Sewer fund* accounts for the costs associated with the City's sewer system and ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

The *agency fund* is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for construction escrow activity.

*Enterprise funds* are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the City Council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### C. Assets, liabilities and net position/fund balance

#### **Deposits and investments**

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds. Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 9. Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

### Property taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy in December and certifies it to the County for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Auditor and tax settlements are made to the City during January, July and December each year.

#### Account receivable

Accounts receivable in the enterprise funds include amounts billed for services provided before year end. The City annually certifies delinquent water and sewer accounts to the County for collection. As a result there is no allowance for uncollectible accounts.

#### Special assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. In the proprietary funds, these assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue upon receipt in the governmental funds.

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Capital assets

Under the regulatory basis, the City does not account for capital assets used in governmental fund types.

Property, plant and equipment in the proprietary funds of the City are recorded at cost. Property, plant and equipment donated to these proprietary fund type operations are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in proprietary funds as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund fixed assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized in the proprietary funds.

Property, plant and equipment of the proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Useful Lives
Assets	in Years
Buildings and structures	40
Improvements other than buildings	10 to 50
Furniture and equipment	3 to 10

#### Long-term obligations

In the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable proprietary fund type statement of net position. The recognition of bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service disbursements.

### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

*Restricted* - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

*Committed* - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

*Assigned* - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Clerk and Treasurer.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 50 percent of budgeted operating disbursements for cash-flow timing needs.

#### Net position

In the proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position- Consist of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Comparative data/reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for the individual enterprise funds in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary information**

Annual budgets are adopted on the regulatory basis, which is a comprehensive basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for the General fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

In August of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Clerk so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 15, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and a final budget is prepared and adopted in early December.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. There were no budget amendments in 2015.

### Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and investments

#### Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the City Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance, bonds, or irrevocable standby letters of credit from Federal Home Loan Banks.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$12,277 and the bank balance was \$13,136. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

### Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

#### Investments

At December 31, 2015, the City's investment balances were as follows:

			Fair Value	
	Credit	Segmented	and	
	Quality/ Time		Carrying	
Types of Investments	Ratings (1	) Distribution (2)	Amount	
Government Securities				
Repurchase Investment Sweep	N/A	< 6 months	\$ 594,241	

(1) Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.

(2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

A reconciliation of cash and temporary investments as shown on the statements for the City follows:

Carrying amount of deposits Petty cash	\$	12,277 50
Investments		594,241
Total cash and temporary investments	S	606,568
Governmental funds	\$	425,748
Proprietary funds		139,270
Fiduciary funds		41,550
Total cash and temporary investments	\$	606,568

The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- *Credit Risk.* Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota statutes limit the City's investments to the list on page 27 of the notes.
- *Custodial Credit Risk.* The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City will attempt to diversify its investments according to type and maturity. The portfolio, as much as possible, will contain both short-term and long-term investments. The City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.
- Interest Rate Risk. The interest rate risk for investments is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the City's investment policy, extended maturities may be utilized to take advantage of higher yields; however, no more than 30 percent of the total investments should extend beyond five years and in no circumstance should any extend beyond twenty years.

#### Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

#### B. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning	т		Dee		Ending
<b>Business-type activities</b> Capital assets being depreciated	Balance		ncreases	Dec	reases	 Balance
Infrastructure	\$ 892,205	\$	н	\$	-	\$ 892,205
Less accumulated depreciation for Infrastructure	 (323,100)		(18,900)		-	 (342,000)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 569,105	\$	(18,900)	\$	_	\$ 550,205

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Business-type activities Water Sewer	\$ 4,900 14,000
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 18,900

### C. Interfund transfers

The General fund budgeted a \$75,854 transfer and approved an additional \$77,830 transfer to the Street Improvement fund for future street repair projects.

#### D. Long-term debt

### General obligation (G.O.) bonds

The City issues G.O. bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. G.O. bonds have been issued for proprietary activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

### Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

#### General obligation revenue bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance capital improvements in the enterprise funds. They will be repaid from future revenues pledged from the Water and Sewer funds and are backed by the taxing power of the City. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require over 48 and 100 percent of revenues from the Water and Sewer funds, respectively. For 2015, principal and interest paid and total customer revenues for the Water fund were \$14,961 and \$31,156, respectively. For 2015, principal and interest paid and total customer revenues for the Sewer fund were \$38,800 and \$38,942, respectively.

Description	Authorized and Issued				Maturity Date	Balance at Year End	
General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 1997B	s	250,000	5.625 %	08/01/97	02/01/18	\$	37,500
General Obligation Revenue Bonds, Series 1997A		698,775	2.580	04/15/97	08/20/18		109,711
Total G.O. Revenue Bonds						\$	147,211

The annual requirement to amortize all bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2015 through maturity follows:

Year Ending	Business-type Activities							
December 31,	P	Principal		Interest		Total		
2016	\$	48,701	\$	4,356	\$	53,057		
2017		49,641		2,713		52,354		
2018		48,869		1,046		49,915		
Total	\$	147,211	\$	8,115	\$	155,326		

### Changes in long-term liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities.

		eginning Balance	Incre	eases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance	ie Within ne Year
Business-type activities General obligation improvement and revenue bonds	S	194,996	\$		\$	(47,785)	\$ 147,211	\$ 48,701

#### **Note 4: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### A. Legal debt margin

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City may not incur or be subject to net debt in excess of 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes and therefore, excludes debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, enterprise fund revenues or tax increments. The City has no debt subject to the limit.

#### B. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.
## COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

#### CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2014)

Budgeted Original 266,983	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts
	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
266,983				Anounts
266,983			0	0 0// 000
	\$ 266,983	\$ 266,983	<u>\$</u>	\$ 266,983
349,629	349,629	345,091	(4,538)	337,380
21,600	21,600	67,099	45,499	27,614
2,854	2,854	-	(2,854)	-
1,580	1,580	1,851	271	1,632
4,434	4,434	1,851	(2,583)	1,632
5,500	5,500	4,525	(975)	6,716
2,500	2,500	1,913	(587)	4,761
200	200	239	39	214
1,000	1,000	4,349	3,349	582
384,863	384,863	425,067	40,204	378,899
651,846	651,846	692,050	40,204	645,882
290	290	258	32	258
400	400	166	234	267
690	690	424	266	525
43 739	43 739	43 739	-	50,716
			530	1,083
				7,654
0,400	0,400	0,501	(101)	7,054
51,239	51,239	50,801	438	59,453
9,429	9,429	9,492	(63)	9,276
10,500	10,500	2,950	7,550	3,057
	2,854 1,580 4,434 5,500 2,500 2,500 1,000 384,863 651,846 290 400 690 43,739 1,100 6,400 51,239 9,429	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 21,600 & 21,600 \\ \hline 2,854 & 2,854 \\ 1,580 & 1,580 \\ \hline 4,434 & 4,434 \\ \hline 5,500 & 5,500 \\ \hline 2,500 & 2,500 \\ \hline 2,500 & 2,500 \\ \hline 200 & 200 \\ \hline 1,000 & 1,000 \\ \hline 384,863 & 384,863 \\ \hline 651,846 & 651,846 \\ \hline \\ 290 & 290 \\ \hline 400 & 400 \\ \hline 690 & 690 \\ \hline 43,739 & 43,739 \\ 1,100 & 1,100 \\ 6,400 & 6,400 \\ \hline 51,239 & 51,239 \\ \hline 9,429 & 9,429 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

#### CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - REGULATORY BASIS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2014)

				20	015					2014
	Bud	geted	Amo			Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
	Origina	1		Final	A	mounts	Fina	al Budget		mounts
DISBURSEMENTS - CONTINUED										
Current - continued										
General government - continued Audit and accounting										
Other services and charges	\$ 11,0	000	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$	-	\$	11,000
Other services and charges	<u> </u>		<b>_</b>	11,000		11,000	<u> </u>			11,000
Total general government	82,8	858		82,858		74,667		8,191		83,311
Public safety										
Police										
Other services and charges	109,5	554		109,554		109,554		-		106,363
Fire										
Personal services	17,3	860		17,360		17,316		44		21,075
Total public safety	126,9	914		126,914		126,870		44		127,438
Public works										
Streets and highways										
Supplies	6	500		600		305		295		342
Other services and charges	15,0	000		15,000		8,254		6,746		5,978
Total streets and highways	15,6	500		15,600		8,559		7,041		6,320
Snow and ice removal										
Other services and charges	43,9	000		43,900		21,708		22,192		40,656
Sanitation and recycling										
Other services and charges	14,9	950		14,950		15,951		(1,001)		15,595
Engineering										
Other services and charges	12,0	000		12,000		13,579		(1,579)		22,496
Total public works	86,4	150		86,450		59,797		26,653		85,067
Miscellaneous										
Unallocated										
Other services and charges	12,7	787		12,787		10,049	-	2,738		11,174
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	309,0	)09		309,009		271,383		37,626		306,990
OTHER FINANCING USES										
Transfers out	75,8	354		75,854		153,684		(77,830)		71,909
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS										
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	384,8	363		384,863		425,067		(40,204)	<del></del>	378,899
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES,									20	
DECEMBER 31	\$ 266,9	983	\$	266,983	<u>\$</u>	266,983	\$	-	\$	266,983

## CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Business-typ	e Activities - Ente	rprise Funds
		601	
		Water	
	Prior Years	2015	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
User fees	\$ 64,614	\$ 3,971	\$ 68,585
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds of bonds issued	250,000	-	250,000
Principal paid on bonds	(200,000)	(12,500)	(212,500)
Interest paid on bonds	(148,828)	(2,461)	(151,289)
Collections of special assessments	234,119	9,353	243,472
Contributed capital from General fund	-	-	
Purchase of and payment on property and equipment	(187,986)		(187,986)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(52,695)	(5,608)	(58,303)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received on investments	29,907	26	29,933
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	41,826	(1,611)	40,215
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1	-	41,826	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ 41,826	\$ 40,215	\$ 40,215

		602	 s-type Activit			 		
		Sewer				Totals		
Prior Years		2015	 Total	Prior Years		 2015		Total
5 179,811	\$	12,360	\$ 192,171	\$	244,425	\$ 16,331	\$	260,756
698,775		-	698,775		948,775	-		948,775
(553,818		(35,285)	(589,103)		(753,818)	(47,785)		(801,603
(181,919 486,492		(3,515) 3,070	(185,434) 489,562		(330,747) 720,611	(5,976) 12,423		(336,723 733,034
18,000		-	18,000		18,000			18,000
(697,666	)		 (697,666)	ç.	(885,652)	 -		(885,652
(230,136	)	(35,730)	 (265,866)	-	(282,831)	 (41,338)		(324,169
77,845		91	 77,936		107,752	 117	2	107,869
27,520	E.	(23,279)	4,241		69,346	(24,890)		44,456
-		27,520	 	13 <u></u>	94,310	 69,346	7 <u>240</u>	
5 27,520	\$	4,241	\$ 4,241	\$	163,656	\$ 44,456	\$	44,456

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

N5.767

### CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA SUMMARY FINANCIAL REPORT RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR GENERAL OPERATIONS -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

					Percent
		Тс	otal		Increase
		2015		2014	(Decrease)
RECEIPTS					
Taxes	\$	345,091	\$	337,380	2.29 %
Licenses and permits		67,099		27,614	142.99
Intergovernmental		18,979		1,632	1,062.93
Charges for services		4,525		6,716	(32.62)
Fines and forfeits		1,913		4,761	(59.82)
Investment earnings		317		258	22.87
Miscellaneous		4,349		582	647.25
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$	442,273	\$	378,943	16.71 %
Per Capita	\$	925	\$	840	10.12 %
DISBURSEMENTS					
Current					
General government	\$	74,667	\$	83,311	(10.38) %
Public safety		126,870		127,438	(0.45)
Public works		160,685		115,403	39.24
Miscellaneous		10,049	59	11,174	(10.07)
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	\$	372,271	\$	337,326	10.36 %
Per Capita	\$	779	\$	748	4.13 %
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$	266,983	\$	266,983	- %
Per Capita		559		592	(5.65)

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Woodland to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 20225 Cottagewood Road, Deephaven, MN 55331. Questions about this report should be directed to Kathy McCullum, City Clerk at (952) 474-4755.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

### CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED DECEMBER 31, 2015

#### SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

FUND SOURCE OF REVENUE		PURPOSE	AM	IOUNT
General	City of Deephaven	Building Permit (4th Quarter)	\$	5,322
General	Resident	Fire Call		250
General	Hennepin County	Final Tax Settlement Payment	-	10,306
	TOTAL		\$	15,878

#### SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

FUND	VENDOR NAME	ITEM AND PURPOSE	AMOUNT	
General	ECM Newspaper	Publishing	\$	117
General	Bolten and Menk, Inc	Miscellaneous Engineering		2,259
General	Campbell Knutson	General		98
General	City of Deephaven	Zoning Hours		119
General	Tallen & Baertschi	Prosecution Charges		410
General	Cornerstone Industries Inc.	Plowing		6,806
	TOTAL		\$	9,809

# **OTHER REQUIRED REPORT**

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Woodland, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of each major fund of the governmental and proprietary funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Woodland, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements on the regulatory basis, and have issued our report thereon dated February 17, 2016. In our report, our opinion was adverse because the City prepares its financial statements on the regulatory basis, which is a special purpose framework other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute §6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for tax increment financing because the City does not have any tax increment financing districts.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

bdo Eich & Mayro, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota February 17, 2016

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