CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

ELECTED

Name	Title	Term Expires December 31,
		2016
James Doak	Mayor	2016
Sliv Carlson	Council Member	2016
Tom Newberry	Council Member	2016
Chris Rich	Council Member	2014
John Massie	Council Member	2014
	APPOINTED	

Shelley Souers Kathy McCullum City Clerk- Resigned December 2013 City Clerk

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Woodland, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund of the governmental and proprietary funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Woodland, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Minnesota Office of the State auditor. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year comparative information has been derived from the City's 2013 financial statements and, in our report dated February 20, 2013, we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective proprietary fund financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis of Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1B, the financial statements are prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1B and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis of Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City, as of December 31, 2013, the changes in financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements of the governmental funds referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the cash and unencumbered cash balances of each fund of the City, as of December 31, 2013, and their respective cash receipts and disbursements, for the year then ended, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor as described in Note 1B. Also, in our opinion, the financial statements of the proprietary funds referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each fund of the City, as of December 31, 2013, and their respective changes in financial position and cash flows, for the year then ended, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor as described in Note 1B.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial schedules, and supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements on the regulatory basis as a whole.

The introductory section and supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota

Olldo Eich & Mayor, LLP

February 13, 2014

People + Process_{*} Going Beyond the Yumbers

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Street					
		General	Imp	Improvement		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	266,983	\$	47,146	\$	314,129
CASH FUND BALANCES						
Assigned for street improvement	\$	-	\$	47,146	\$	47,146
Unassigned, reported in						
General fund		266,983				266,983
TOTAL CASH FUND BALANCES	\$	266,983	\$	47,146	\$	314,129

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Gen	eral	Street Improvement		Governmental Funds	
RECEIPTS						
Taxes		22,759	\$	-	\$	322,759
Licenses and permits	2	25,227		-		25,227
Intergovernmental		1,579		-		1,579
Charges for services		7,882		-		7,882
Fines and forfeitures		2,441		-		2,441
Interest on investments		244		42		286
Miscellaneous	·	2,759		-		2,759
TOTAL RECEIPTS	30	62,891		42		362,933
DISBURSEMENTS						
Current						
General government	3	33,267		-		83,267
Public safety	12	24,707		-		124,707
Public works	9	98,651		37,114		135,765
Miscellaneous		10,298				10,298
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	3	16,923		37,114		354,037
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF						
RECEIPTS OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS		45,968		(37,072)		8,896
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		_		43,000		43,000
Transfers out	(43,000)				(43,000)
TOTAL OTHER						
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		43,000)		43,000		
NET CHANGE IN CASH FUND BALANCES		2,968		5,928		8,896
CASH FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	20	64,015		41,218		305,233
CASH FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 20	66,983	\$	47,146	\$	314,129

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

		pe Activities -
		501
		ater
ACCETC	2013	2012
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS	¢ 14.407	\$ (3,870)
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$ 14,497	\$ (3,870)
	7.242	(071
Accounts Special accomments	7,342	6,871
Special assessments	204	2 624
Delinquent	286	2,634
Current	7,650	9,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	29,775	14,635
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Special assessments receivable	22,950	40,950
Capital assets		.0,500
Infrastructure	194,539	194,539
Less accumulated depreciation	(77,900)	(73,000)
Loss decumented depreciation	(11,500)	(73,000)
Total capital assets (net of		
accumulated depreciation)	116,639	121,539
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	139,589	162,489
TOTAL ASSETS	169,364	177,124
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	2,534	2,087
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	1,465	1,758
Current portion of bonds payable	12,500	12,500
Current portion of bonds payable	12,300	12,300
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	16,499	16,345
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Bonds payable	50,000	62,500
Zonas pajaon		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	66,499	78,845
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	54,139	46,539
Restricted for debt service	43,487	30,798
Unrestricted	5,239	20,942
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 102,865	\$ 98,279

Business-type Activities -Enterprise Funds

		Enterpri	se ru	ilus		
60 Sev				To	tals	
 2013	vei	2012		2013	tais	2012
2013		2012		2013		2012
\$ 133,063	\$	142,384	\$	147,560	\$	138,514
8,972		8,302		16,314		15,173
1,025		2,065		1,311		4,699
 2,550		3,000		10,200		12,000
145,610		155,751		175,385		170,386
7,650		13,650		30,600		54,600
(07.666		(07.666		002 205		002.205
697,666 (226,300)		697,666 (212,300)		892,205 (304,200)		892,205 (285,300)
 (220,300)		(212,300)		(304,200)		(283,300)
471,366		485,366		588,005		606,905
 479,016		499,016		618,605		661,505
624,626		654,767		793,990		831,891
3,613		3,212		6,147		5,299
1,670		1,989		3,135		3,747
 34,392		33,502		46,892		46,002
39,675		38,703		56,174		55,048
144,996		179,408		194,996		241,908
184,671		218,111		251,170		296,956
291,978		272,456		346,117		318,995
50,823		69,348		94,310		100,146
 97,154		94,852		102,393		115,794
\$ 439,955	\$	436,656	\$	542,820	\$	534,935

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

Business-type Activities
Enterprise Funds

	Enterpr	Enterprise Funds			
		501			
	W	ater			
	2013	2012			
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 27,615	\$ 23,845			
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Professional services	9,955	10,446			
Utilities	9,368	9,243			
Depreciation	4,900	4,900			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	24,223	24,589			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	3,392	(744)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Special assessments	4,764	3,703			
Interest income	4	-			
Interest expense	(3,574)	(4,277)			
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,194	(574)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	4,586	(1,318)			
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	98,279	99,597			
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 102,865	\$ 98,279			

Business-type Activities -Enterprise Funds

)2	•				
	Sewer				tals	
 2013		2012		2013		2012
\$ 35,077	\$	32,467	\$	62,692	\$	56,312
112		3,052		10,067		13,498
14,420		13,114		23,788		22,357
14,000		14,000		18,900		18,900
28,532		30,166		52,755		54,755
6,545		2,301		9,937		1,557
1,588		1,235		6,352		4,938
125		131		129		131
(4,959)		(5,842)		(8,533)		(10,119)
(3,246)		(4,476)		(2,052)		(5,050)
3,299		(2,175)		7,885		(3,493)
436,656		438,831	,	534,935		538,428
\$ 439,955	\$	436,656	\$	542,820	\$	534,935

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

	Business-type Activities			
	Enterprise Funds 601			
			01 ater	
		2013		2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users				
City of Minnetonka usage charges	\$	9,263	\$	9,200
User fee revenue		4,938		3,943
Maintenance fee revenue		14,042		8,080
Delinquent utility revenue		1,249		928
Payments to suppliers				
Remittance to City of Minnetonka		(9,280)		(9,455)
Maintenance and other expenses		(9,596)		(10,798)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		10,616		1,898
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL				
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Collection of special assessments		24,114		14,912
Interest paid on bonds		(3,867)		(4,570)
Principal paid on bonds		(12,500)		(12,500)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL				
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		7,747		(2,158)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received on investments		4		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		18,367		(260)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1		(3,870)		(3,610)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$	14,497	\$	(3,870)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)				
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,392	\$	(744)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation		4,900		4,900
(Increase) decrease in assets				
Receivables				
Accounts		(471)		(1,332)
Delinquent special assessments		2,348		(362)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities				
Accounts payable		447		(564)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	10,616	\$	1,898

Business-type Activities -Enterprise Funds

			Enterpri	se Fur	nds		
	60 Sev				To	tals	
	2013		2012		2013		2012
\$	13,801	\$	12,524	\$	23,064	\$	21,724
,	12,112	•	11,042	•	17,050	,	14,985
	7,823		6,817		21,865		14,897
	1,711		1,398		2,960		2,326
	(14,030)		(13,174)		(23,310)		(22,629)
	(101)		(3,477)		(9,697)		(14,275)
				1			
	21,316		15,130		31,932		17,028
	8,038		4,971		32,152		19,883
	(5,278)		(6,146)		(9,145)		(10,716)
	(33,522)		(33,404)		(46,022)		(45,904)
	(30,762)		(34,579)		(23,015)		(36,737)
	125		131		129		131
	(9,321)		(19,318)		9,046		(19,578)
	142,384		161,702		138,514		158,092
\$	133,063	\$	142,384	\$	147,560	\$	138,514
\$	6,545	\$	2,301	\$	9,937	\$	1,557
	14,000		14,000		18,900		18,900
	(670) 1,040		(335) (351)		(1,141) 3,388		(1,667) (713)
	401		(485)		848		(1,049)
\$	21,316	\$	15,130	\$	31,932	\$	17,028

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	 Agency
ASSETS	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 16,500
LIABILITIES	
Deposits payable	\$ 16,500

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting entity

The City of Woodland, Minnesota (the City) operates under "Optional Plan A" form of government as defined in the State of Minnesota statutes. The City is governed by an elected Mayor and four-member City Council. The City Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The City Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City. The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The City has no component units that meet the GASB criteria.

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and basis of presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting as described in the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor's Reporting and Publishing Requirements for Cities under 2,500 in population published on December 17, 2004. Under that basis, governmental fund receipts are recognized when received rather than when measurable and available, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. That basis differs from generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) primarily because the City has not provided a management discussion and analysis letter, government-wide statement of net position and government-wide statement of activities and the City does not recognize governmental fund receipts and disbursements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum numbers of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are used to account for the City's general government activities and are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Their revenue is recognized when received in cash and expenditures are recognized when paid in cash. The regulatory basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Under GAAP, governmental funds use the modified accrual method of accounting. The difference between the regulatory basis and modified accrual basis of accounting is that under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On the regulatory basis, receipts from property taxes are recognized in the year the tax is collected. Receipts from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the year in which they are collected. For proprietary funds, revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Street Improvement fund accounts for future street improvement projects.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water fund* accounts for costs associated with the City's water system and ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The Sewer fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's sewer system and ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

The *agency fund* is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for construction escrow activity.

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the City Council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Assets, liabilities and net position/fund balance

Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds. Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 6. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 7. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 8. Guaranteed investment contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Property taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy in December and certifies it to the County for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Auditor and tax settlements are made to the City during January, July and December each year.

Account receivable

Accounts receivable in the enterprise funds include amounts billed for services provided before year end. The City annually certifies delinquent water and sewer accounts to the County for collection. As a result there is no allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Special assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. In the proprietary funds, these assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue upon receipt in the governmental funds.

Capital assets

Under the regulatory basis, the City does not account for capital assets used in governmental fund types.

Property, plant and equipment in the proprietary funds of the City are recorded at cost. Property, plant and equipment donated to these proprietary fund type operations are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in proprietary funds as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund fixed assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized in the proprietary funds.

Property, plant and equipment of the proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Useful Lives
	in
Assets	Years
Buildings and structures	40
Improvements other than buildings	10 to 50
Furniture and equipment	3 to 10

Long-term obligations

In the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable proprietary fund type statement of net position. The recognition of bond premiums and discounts are delayed and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service disbursements.

Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Clerk and Treasurer.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 50 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Net position

In the proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position- Consist of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Comparative data/reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for the individual enterprise funds in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on the cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis other than GAAP for the General fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

In August of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Clerk so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 15, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and a final budget is prepared and adopted in early December.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. There were no budget amendments in 2013.

B. Excess of disbursements over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2013, disbursements exceeded appropriations in the General fund by \$24,270. These over-disbursements were funded by receipts in excess of expectations.

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the City Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$7,833 and the bank balance was \$10,000. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

At December 31, 2013, the City's investment balances were as follows:

			Fair Value
	Credit	Segmented	and
	Quality/	Time	Carrying
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)	Amount
Government Securities			
Repurchase Investment Sweep	N/A	< 6 months	\$ 470,306

- (1) Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.
- (2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.
- N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

A reconciliation of cash and temporary investments as shown on the statements for the City follows:

Carrying amount of deposits Petty cash Investments	\$ 7,833 50 470,306
Total cash and temporary investments	\$ 478,189
Governmental funds	\$ 314,129
Proprietary funds Fiduciary funds	147,560 16,500
Total cash and temporary investments	\$ 478,189

The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- *Credit Risk.* Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota statutes limit the City's investments to the list on page 27 of the notes.
- Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City will attempt to diversify its investments according to type and maturity. The portfolio, as much as possible, will contain both short-term and long-term investments. The City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.
- Interest Rate Risk. The interest rate risk for investments is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the City's investment policy, extended maturities may be utilized to take advantage of higher yields; however, no more than 30 percent of the total investments should extend beyond five years and in no circumstance should any extend beyond twenty years.

B. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Ī	ncreases	Decr	eases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities	Bulance		increases		Cuses	Bulance
Capital assets being depreciated						
Infrastructure	\$ 892,205	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 892,205
Less accumulated depreciation for						
Infrastructure	 (285,300)		(18,900)			 (304,200)
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 606,905	\$	(18,900)	\$		\$ 588,005

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Business-type	activities
----------------------	------------

Water Sewer	\$ 4,900 14,000
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 18,900

C. Interfund transfers

The General fund transferred \$43,000 to the Street Improvement fund for future street repair projects.

D. Long-term debt

General obligation (G.O.) bonds

The City issues G.O. bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. G.O. bonds have been issued for proprietary activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General obligation revenue bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance capital improvements in the enterprise funds. They will be repaid from future revenues pledged from the Water and Sewer funds and are backed by the taxing power of the City. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require over 59 and 111 percent of revenues from the Water and Sewer funds, respectively. For 2013, principal and interest paid and total customer revenues for the Water fund were \$16,367 and \$27,615, respectively. For 2013, principal and interest paid and total customer revenues for the Sewer fund were \$38,800 and \$35,077, respectively.

uthorized	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date		alance at Tear End
 iid 135ded	Rute	Date	Date		car End
\$ 250,000	5.625 %	08/01/97	02/01/18	\$	62,500
698,775	2.580	04/15/97	08/20/18		179,388
				\$	241,888
		\$ 250,000 5.625 %	\$ 250,000 5.625 % 08/01/97	\$ 250,000 5.625 % 08/01/97 02/01/18	\$ 250,000 5.625 % 08/01/97 02/01/18 \$

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

The annual requirement to amortize all bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2013 through maturity follows:

Year Ending		Business-type Activities							
December 31,	Prin	Principal		Principal Interest		Principal Interest To		Total	
2014	\$	46,892	\$	7,572	\$	54,464			
2015		47,785		5,976		53,761			
2016		48,701		4,356		53,057			
2017		49,641		2,713		52,354			
2018		48,869		1,046		49,915			
Total	\$ 2	41,888	\$	21,663	\$	263,551			

Changes in long-term liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities.

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Business-type activities					
General obligation					
improvement					
and revenue bonds	\$ 287,910	\$ -	\$ (46,022)	\$ 241,888	\$ 46,892

Note 4: OTHER INFORMATION

A. Legal debt margin

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City may not incur or be subject to net debt in excess of 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes and therefore, excludes debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, enterprise fund revenues or tax increments. The City has no debt subject to the limit.

B. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - REGULATORY BASIS - CONTINUED ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2012)

			2012		
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES,					
JANUARY 1	\$ 264,015	\$ 264,015	\$ 264,015	\$ -	\$ 248,805
RECEIPTS					
Taxes					
Property taxes	320,228	320,228	322,759	2,531	311,770
Licenses and permits	9,025	9,025	25,227	16,202	5,472
Intergovernmental					
County					
County grants	1,500	1,500	1,579	79	1,580
Road aid					3,748
Total intergovernmental	1,500	1,500	1,579	79	5,328
Charges for services					
Zoning and other	1,700	1,700	7,882	6,182	3,775
Fines and forfeitures	2,500	2,500	2,441	(59)	7,717
Interest on investments	200	200	244	44	218
Miscellaneous					
Other	500	500	2,759	2,259	3,187
TOTAL RECEIPTS	335,653	335,653	362,891	27,238	337,467
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE					
FOR APPROPRIATION	599,668	599,668	626,906	27,238	586,272
DISBURSEMENTS					
Current					
General government					
Mayor and Council					
Personal services	260	260	290	(30)	258
Other services and charges	300	300	225	75	249
Total Mayor and Council	560	560	515	45	507
City Clerk					
Personal services	48,257	48,257	48,257	-	47,129
Supplies	1,150	1,150	761	389	1,583
Other services and charges	4,360	4,360	6,787	(2,427)	3,714
Total City Clerk	53,767	53,767	55,805	(2,038)	52,426
Assessor					
Other services and charges	9,019	9,019	9,079	(60)	8,904

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - REGULATORY BASIS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2012)

	2013				2012
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
DISBURSEMENTS - CONTINUED					
Current - continued General government - continued					
Legal					
Other services and charges	\$ 8,500	\$ 8,500	\$ 6,868	\$ 1,632	\$ 3,057
Audit and accounting					
Other services and charges	11,000	11,000	11,000		10,723
Total general government	82,846	82,846	83,267	(421)	75,617
Public safety					
Police					
Other services and charges	104,278	104,278	104,278	-	102,230
Fire					
Personal services	20,429	20,429	20,429		20,389
Total public safety	124,707	124,707	124,707		122,619
Public works					
Streets and highways					
Supplies	1,200	1,200	270	930	1,670
Other services and charges	15,700	15,700	31,633	(15,933)	11,782
Total streets and highways	16,900	16,900	31,903	(15,003)	13,452
Snow and ice removal Other services and charges	37,000	37,000	41,950	(4,950)	17,007
Other services and charges	37,000	37,000	41,930	(4,930)	17,007
Sanitation and recycling					
Other services and charges	14,500	14,500	14,682	(182)	14,965
Engineering					
Other services and charges	5,000	5,000	10,116	(5,116)	3,905
Total public works	73,400	73,400	98,651	(25,251)	49,329
•					
Miscellaneous					
Unallocated	11 700	11 700	10.200	1 402	10.044
Other services and charges	11,700	11,700	10,298	1,402	10,944
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	292,653	292,653	316,923	(24,270)	258,509
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	43,000	43,000	43,000		63,748
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS					
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	335,653	335,653	359,923	(24,270)	322,257
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES,					
DECEMBER 31	\$ 264,015	\$ 264,015	\$ 266,983	\$ 2,968	\$ 264,015
			· 		

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	601					
		Water				
	Prior Years	2013	Total			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
User fees	\$ 54,917	\$ 4,938	\$ 59,855			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds of bonds issued	250,000	-	250,000			
Principal paid on bonds	(175,000)	(12,500)	(187,500)			
Interest paid on bonds	(141,797)	(3,867)	(145,664)			
Collections of special assessments	200,779	24,114	224,893			
Contributed capital from General fund	-	-	-			
Purchase of and payment on property and equipment	(187,986)		(187,986)			
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)						
BY CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(54,004)	7,747	(46,257)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received on investments	29,885	4	29,889			
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	30,798	12,689	43,487			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1		30,798				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ 30,798	\$ 43,487	\$ 43,487			

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

			602									
Sewer					Totals							
Prior Years		2013		Total		P	Prior Years		2013		Total	
						'						
\$	155,369	\$	12,112	\$	167,481	\$	210,286	\$	17,050	\$	227,336	
	698,775		-		698,775		948,775		-		948,775	
	(485,904)		(33,522)		(519,426)		(660,904)		(46,022)		(706,926)	
	(172,233)		(5,278)		(177,511)		(314,030)		(9,145)		(323,175)	
	475,379		8,038		483,417		676,158		32,152		708,310	
	18,000		-		18,000		18,000		-		18,000	
	(697,666)		-		(697,666)		(885,652)		-		(885,652)	
	(163,649)		(30,762)		(194,411)		(217,653)		(23,015)		(240,668)	
	77,628		125		77,753		107,513		129		107,642	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-				-	-			
	69,348		(18,525)		50,823		100,146		(5,836)		94,310	
	,		, , ,		,		,		() ,		,	
	-		69,348		_		_		100,146		_	
				-								
\$	69,348	\$	50,823	\$	50,823	\$	100,146	\$	94,310	\$	94,310	

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA SUMMARY FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

					Percent	
		Total			Increase	
		2013		2012	(Decrease)	
RECEIPTS						
Taxes	\$	322,759	\$	311,770	3.52 %	
Licenses and permits		25,227		5,472	361.02	
Intergovernmental		1,579		5,328	(70.36)	
Charges for services		7,882		3,775	108.79	
Fines and forfeits		2,441		7,717	(68.37)	
Investment earnings		286		253	13.04	
Miscellaneous		2,759		3,187	(13.43)	
TOTAL RECEIPTS	¢	362,933	\$	337 502	7.54 %	
Per Capita	<u>\$</u>	823	\$	337,502 772	6.56 %	
rei Capita	Ф	623	Ф	112	0.30 70	
DISBURSEMENTS						
Current						
General government	\$	83,267	\$	75,617	10.12 %	
Public safety		124,707		122,619	1.70	
Public works		135,765		111,862	21.37	
Miscellaneous		10,298		10,944	(5.90)	
TOTAL DIADLINGS (EVE	Φ.	254.025	Ф	221.042	10.20.0/	
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	\$	354,037	\$	321,042	10.28 %	
Per Capita	\$	803	\$	735	9.28 %	
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$	266,983	\$	264,015	1.12 %	
Per Capita		605		604	0.21	
•						

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Woodland to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 20225 Cottagewood Road, Deephaven, MN 55331. Questions about this report should be directed to Kathy McCullum, City Clerk at (952) 474-4755.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

CITY OF WOODLAND, MINNESOTA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED DECEMBER 31, 2013

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

FUND	SOURCE OF REVENUE	PURPOSE	AMOUNT	
General General	City of Deephaven Hennepin County	Building Permit (4th Quarter) Final Tax Settlement Payment	\$ 18,597 2,962	
	TOTAL		\$ 21,559	
	SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS PAYA	ABLE AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		
FUND	VENDOR NAME	ITEM AND PURPOSE	AMOUNT	
General	Bolton & Menk, Inc	GF SWPPP Report	\$ 726	
General	Campbell Knutson	Civil - 3100 Maplewood Rd	159	
General	City of Deephaven	Zoning Hours	419	
General	City of Deephaven	Postage - Special Mailing	92	
General	Earl F. Anderson, INC	Street Signs	166	
General	ECM Publishers INC	Publications	364	
General	Hennepin County Elections	Elections	550	
General	Internal Revenue Service	Council Salaries -Taxes	37	
General	Metro West Inspection Services	Inspection	239	
General	N.A.R.S	Deer Management	1,078	
General	Sylvia Carlson	Mileage	36	
General	Tallen & Baertschi	Prosecution Charges	387	
	TOTAL		\$ 4,253	

OTHER REQUIRED REPORT

CITY OF WOODLAND WOODLAND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Woodland, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of each major fund of the governmental and proprietary funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Woodland, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements on the regulatory basis, and have issued our report thereon dated February 13, 2014...

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute §6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for tax increment financing because the City does not have any tax increment financing districts.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use those charged with governance and management of the City and the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota

do Eich & Mayor, LLP

February 13, 2014